

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	What is the Laplace transform of $\int_0^\infty \sin 5u \, du$ ?
Option A:	$\frac{5}{s(s^2 + 25)}$
Option B:	$\frac{5}{s(s^2 - 25)}$
Option C:	$\frac{1}{s(s^2 - 25)}$
Option D:	$\frac{1}{s^2 + 25}$
2.	Find value of $b_n$ in the Fourier expansion of function $f(x) = (2 - x^2)$ in the interval $(0, 2)$ .
Option A:	$\frac{2}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n^3\pi^3}$
Option B:	$\frac{2}{n\pi}$
Option C:	$\frac{4}{n\pi}$
Option D:	$\frac{4}{n^3\pi^3}$
3.	If $f(z) = e^z$ is an analytic function, then real part is given by
Option A:	$e^x \cos y$
Option B:	$\cos y$
Option C:	$-e^x \sin y$
Option D:	$\sin y$
4.	$L^{-1}[1/(S+2)^4]$
Option A:	$e^{-2t} \cdot t^3/3!$
Option B:	$e^{-2t} \cdot t^4/6$
Option C:	$e^{-3t} \cdot t^3/6$
Option D:	$e^{-2t} \cdot t^3/6$
5.	If $f(x) = \cos x$ defined in $(-\pi, \pi)$ then the value Fourier coefficient $b_n$ is .
Option A:	0
Option B:	$\pi$
Option C:	$\frac{\pi}{(n^2 - 1)}$

Option D:	$\frac{2\pi}{(n^2 - 1)} [(-1)^n - 1]$
6.	A function $u(x, y)$ is harmonic if and only if,
Option A:	$u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$
Option B:	$u_x + u_y = 0$
Option C:	$u_{xy} + u_{yx} = 0$
Option D:	$u_x - u_y = 0$
7.	Find $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{3s+4}{s^2+16} \right]$
Option A:	$4\sin 4t + \cos 4t$
Option B:	$\cos 4t + \sin 3t$
Option C:	$3\cos 4t + \sin 4t$
Option D:	$\sin 3t + \cos 4t$
8.	If characteristic equation of matrix A of order $3 \times 3$ is $\lambda^3 - 3\lambda^2 + 3\lambda - 1 = 0$ , Then by Cayley Hamilton theorem $A^{-1}$ is equal to
Option A:	$A^3 - 3A^2 + 3A - I$
Option B:	$A^2 - 3A - 3I$
Option C:	$3A^2 - 3A - I$
Option D:	$A^2 - 3A + 3I$
9.	The Laplace Transform of $t e^{at}$
Option A:	$\frac{1}{s}$
Option B:	$\frac{1}{(s-a)^2}$
Option C:	$\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$
Option D:	$\frac{1}{s^2}$
10.	The equation of one dimensional heat flow is given by
Option A:	$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$
Option B:	$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$
Option C:	$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$
Option D:	$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right)$

<b>Q2 (20 Marks)</b>	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ by Bender-Schmidt method, given $u(0, t) = 0, u(5, t) = 0, u(x, 0) = x^2(25 - x^2)$ Assume $h=1$ & find the values of $u$ up to $t=3$
B	Using convolution theorem find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)}$
C	Find the Laplace transform of $\cos t \cdot \cos 2t \cdot \cos 3t$
D	Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem, find the matrix represented by $A^8 - 5A^7 + 7A^6 - 3A^5 + A^4 - 5A^3 + 8A^2 - 2A + I \text{ where } A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
E	Find $k$ such that $\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + y^2) + i \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{kx}{y}\right)$ is analytic.
F	Find Fourier expansion of $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$ .

<b>Q3 (20 Marks)</b>	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s-2}{((s^2+4s+8)}\right\}$
B	Find Half Range Cosine Series for $f(x)=x; 0 < x < 2$
C	Find the orthogonal trajectories of the curve is $e^x \cos y - xy = c$
D	Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ , under the conditions $u(0, t) = 0; u(1, t) = t, u(x, 0) = 0$ $h=\frac{1}{4}$ (one time step) using Crank-Nicholson's method
E	Show that $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable. Determine transforming and diagonal matrix.
F	Find L.T. of the following functions:- (i) $te^{-4t} \sin 3t$ (ii) $\frac{1}{t} [\cos(2t) - \cos(3t)]$

<b>Q4 (20 Marks)</b>	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	Evaluate $\int_0^\infty e^t \sin 2t \cos 3t dt$
B	Find Fourier series of $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ . Hence prove that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$
C	An elastic string stretched between the fixed points $(0, 0)$ and $(1, 0)$ initially in the position $y = A \sin(\pi x)$ and released from rest. Find the displacement $y(x, t)$
D	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ Calculate $e^A$ and $5^A$
E	Find an analytic function $f(z)$ whose imaginary part is

	$e^{-x}(y \sin y + x \cos y)$
F	Find the inverse Laplace transform of $F(s) = \log\left(\frac{s^2 + a^2}{\sqrt{s+b}}\right)$ .

**Question 5**