University of Mumbai

Examinations Summer 2022

Program: Electronics Engineering Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2019 Examination: SE Semester IV

Course Code: ELC402 and Course Name: Electronic Devices and Circuits-II

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Question compulsory and carry equal marks		
1.	(Gain X Bandwidth) of amplifier =		
Option A:	Constant		
Option B:	High SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS		
Option C:	Low		
Option D:	Zero		
2.	Lower cutoff frequency corresponds toof all the time constants and higher cutoff frequency corresponds toof all the time constants.		
Option A:	Smallest, Largest		
Option B:	Largest, Largest		
Option C:	Smallest, smallest		
Option D:	Largest, smallest		
3.	In negative feedback closed loop gain (Avf)is open loop gain(Av)		
Option A:	Smaller than		
Option B:	Larger than		
Option C:	Equal to		
4.	In Current series Input impedance and output Impedance		
Option A:	Increase, Increase		
Option B:	Decrease, increase		
Option C:	Increase, decrease		
Option D:	Decrease, decrease		
25020	Av= 40 and β = 0.02 then what will be the over all gain Avf?		
Option A:	400		
Option B:			
Option C:	200		
Option D:	400		
6.	Phase shift oscillators used for low frequency range		
Option A:	True		
Option B:	False		
2 2 7 T	Colpitt's oscillator uses tapped and Hartley oscillator uses tapped		
Option A:	Capacitance, inductance		
Option B:	Capacitance, Capacitance		
Option C:	Inductance, inductance		
Option D:	inductance, Capacitance		
2028.	A Differential Amplifier should have drain resistor's value (RD1 & RD2) as		
Option A:	$10 \mathrm{k}\Omega$, $5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$		
Option B:	$5k\Omega$, $5k\Omega$		

Option C:	$5k\Omega$, $10k\Omega$	
Option D:	5Ω , $5k\Omega$	
9.	In Class-AB Power Amplifier, Q-Point is located at	
Option A:	Cut-off Point	
Option B:	Saturation Point	
Option C:	Middle of the DC Load Line	
Option D:	Above Cut-off Point	
10.	Cross over distortion present in	
Option A:	Class A	
Option B:	Class B	
Option C:	Class C	
Option D:	Class AB	
	0.50 2 2 6 5 5 7 7 7 8 6 0 8 6 0 6 5	

Q2	Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks each	
(20 Marks)		
A	For the CS MOSFET amplifier shown in figure below, calculate the values of fH and fL. Assume the following values for the MOSFET. Cgd=2pF, Cgs=5pF, Rsi= 100Ω , gm= $10mS$, C1= 0.5μ F, C2= 1μ F, Cs= 10μ F, R1=R2= $250k\Omega$, RD= $5k\Omega$, RS= $250k\Omega$ and RL= $5k\Omega$	
B 3 8 8 8 8	Explain in brief MOSFET differential amplifier with active load and small signal analysis of MOSFET active load circuit?	
900 C 4 7 4 7	Explain the advantages of negative feedback and suggest and explain scheme for improving input and output impedance of amplifier	
Q3 (20 Marks)	Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks each	
A	Compare class B and class AB power amplifier with neat diagram, working, features and expression for its efficiency?	
B	Derive the equation for overall voltage gain, input resistance and output resistance of cascade amplifier.	
	What are general conditions needed for an oscillator circuit to operate? Explain any one oscillator with detailed diagram	

Q4 (20 Marks)				
SA A SA	Solve any Two	5 marks each		
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	i. Compare all negative feedback topologies			
SOUS NIX STAN	Short note on darlington pair			
DOOD Cill To F	Design a suitable heat sink using transistor 2N3055 for following			
specification: Actual power dissipation in transistor= 40 watts, Maximum thermal resistance from case to heat sink OCS =0.5° C/W, OJC =1.5° C/W				

	$TA(max) = 40^{\circ} C$, $Tj(max) = 200^{\circ} C$ and draw electrical equivalent circuit for		
В	heat sink flow Solve any One	10 marks each	
i.	·	Explain voltage series negative feedback with appropriate circuit.	
ii.	How power amplifier is different from voltage amplifier? Explain any power amplifier with suitable graphs and circuit diagram		

