Time: 3 Hours Marks: 80

- **N.B.** (1) Question No. **1** is Compulsory
 - (2) Answer any **THREE** questions from remaining five questions
 - (3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary

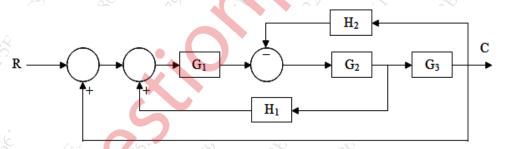
01 Answer any **four**:

[20]

- (A) Explain the advantages of digital control systems.
- (B) What are steady state error constants and how they are related with steady state error and 'type' of systems?
- (C) Check the stability of the system with characteristic equation $s^5 + 2 s^4 + 24 s^3 + 48 s^2 + 25 s + 50 = 0$
- (D) Explain the principle of Resistance Temperature Detectors
- (E) Obtain the impulse response of the system with transfer function

$$\frac{10}{s(s+3)(s+5)}$$

02 (A) Find the transfer function (C/R) of the following system using block [10] reduction technique



- (B) What are the time domain specifications of a standard second order system? How do they vary as functions of damping ratio and natural frequency of oscillation? Justify your answer.
- **03** (A) A system is described by $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dt} + 8y = 8x$ [10]

If the tolerance is 2%, calculate all time domain specifications and maximum second peak.

(B) The open loop transfer function of a system is given by: $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{(s+3)(s+5)(s^2+2s+2)}$ Sketch root locus

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- **04** (A) Sketch the Bode plot for the system shown below: $G(s)H(s) = \frac{s}{(s+5)^2 (s+20)}$
 - (B) Sketch Nyquist plot for the system shown below, and comment on stability. [10] $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{(1 + sT_1)(1 + sT_2)}$
- **05** (A) Explain in detail: landline telemetry and radio telemetry [10]
 - (B) Explain Data Acquisition System and its use in intelligent instrumentation [10] system.
- Write short notes on any **four**: [20]
 - (A) Distributed Control System
 - **(B)** AC servomotor
 - (C) Potentiometer as a transducer
 - (D) HART communication protocol
 - **(E)** Fibre optic instrumentation.