# **University of Mumbai**

#### **Examinations First Half 2022**

Program: **Electrical Engineering**Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019
Examination: SE Semester IV

Course Code: EEC403 and Course Name: Digital Electronics

# Note: 1. Make any suitable assumption

2. Figure to the right indicates full marks

Max. Marks 80

Solve all.

Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks

(20)

- 1 The MSB of signed binary number indicates its
- Option A: parity
- Option B: Sign
- Option C: maximum number
- Option D: its always zero and does not indicate any thing
  - The number of similar gates which a gate can drive is known as
- Option A: output
- Option B: fan out
- Option C: drive capacity
- Option D: A gate does not drive another gate
  - What is the BCD code for  $(13)_{10}$ ?
- Option A: 00001101
- Option B: 00000111
- Option C: 00010011
- Option D: 00001011
  - 4 Minimum number of selection inputs required for selecting one out of 32 inputs is
- Option A: 4
- Option B: 3
- Option C: 5
- Option D: 8
  - 5. A three variable expression with variables A, B, C is given as Y=AB+AC+ABC.

This expression is in which form?

Option A: Canonical POS Form

Option B: POS Form Option C: SOP Form

Option D: Canonical SOP form

6. How many cells will be present in the K-map of  $f(A,B,C,D)=\pi M(2,4,6,7)$ 

Option A: 4
Option B: 8
Option C: 12
Option D: 16

7 The complex programmable logic device contains several PLD blocks and

Option A: Field-programmable switches

Option B: AND/OR arrays

Option C: A global interconnection matrix

Option D: A language compiler

8. Which Flip Flop is used to overcome the Race-Around condition?

Option A: D Flip Flop

Option B: Master Slave J K Flip Flop

Option C: S R Flip Flop Option D: T Flip Flop

9 Derive the Boolean expression for the logic circuit shown below



Option A: ABCDE

Option B:  $[C(A + B)D + \overline{E}]$ 

Option C:  $[[C(A+B)D]\overline{E}]$ 

Option D: C(A+B)DE

10. Which of the following is a combinational circuit?

Option A: Multiplexer
Option B: Registers
Option C: Counters
Option D: Latches

# Q.No. 2. Solve any Two

a. Convert the hex number A72E to equivalent binary, decimal, octal, BCD and Grey code

(10)

b. Design BCD to Excess 3 code converter using basic gates. (10)

c. Simplify the following using K-map implement using NAND gates  $y = \sum_{i=1}^{n} m(0,1,2,5,9,13,14,15) + d(4,6,10)$ 

(10)

### Q.No. 3. Solve any Two

a. Design MOD 12 synchronous counter using T flip flop. (10)

b. Explain the design of a 4 bits D to A converter using weighted register D/A technique. Use suitable diagrams for the explanation.

c. Write a note on Programmable Arrey Logic. Implement the following using PAL  $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,1,3,15)$ 

### Q.No. 4. Solve any Two

a. i. Write a short note on memory mapping and address decoding.ii. Write short notes on different logic families (TTL; CMOS).

(10)

(10)

b. What is quantization? Explain three bits A to D converter using successive approximation technique. Explain with the help of suitable diagrams

(10)

c. write short note on the characteristics of digital IC

(10)