02/06/2025 SE CHEMICAL SEM-III C-SCHEME EM-III QP CODE: 10083689

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Note:		Question No.1 is compulsory . Attempt any THREE from the remaining. Total Marks: 80	
		Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
	5)	rigares to the right intereste run mands.	
Q.1	A)	Find the values of constants a,b,c and d if	5
	D \	$f(z) = (x^2 + 2axy + by^2) + i(cx^2 + 2dxy + y^2)$ is analytic	5
	B)	Find the Eigen Value of $A^3 - 3A^2$	£5
		Where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$	
		Find the Laplace Transform of t sin at	5
	D)	Find the Fourier series expansion for $f(x) = x$ defined in (-1,1)	5
0.2	A)	If $I[f(t)] = S$ find $I[a^{-3t}f(2t)]$	6
Q.2	A) D)	If $L[f(t)] = \frac{s}{s^2 + s + 4}$ find $L[e^{-3t}f(2t)]$ Find the Fourier series expansion for $f(x) = x$ defined in $(-\pi, \pi)$ with period 2π	6
	B) C)	Find the Fourier series expansion for $f(x) = x$ defined in $(-\pi, \pi)$ with period 2π Find the analytic function $f(z)$ with the real part $u = x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 1$	Q S
	C)	That the unarytic falletion (2) with the feat part a way and a sy of the	0
Q.3	A)	Show that the function $u = x^3 - 3xy^2$ is harmonic function.	6
		Hence find the corresponding analytic function and harmonic conjugate.	
	B)	A string is stretched and fastened to two points distance L apart motion is $\frac{\pi x}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	6
		started by displacing the string in the form $u = \alpha \sin(\frac{\pi x}{L})$ from which it is	
		released at time $t = 0$. Show that the displacement of a point at a distance X	
		from one end at time t is given by $u(x,t) = \alpha \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{L}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi ct}{L}\right)$	
	C)	Obtain the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x $ where $-\pi \le x \le \pi$	8
	3	The state of the s	_
Q.4	A)	Find Laplace transform of $e^{-4t} \int_0^t u \sin 3u du$	6
	B)	Find Inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{2s+3}{s^2+2s+2}$	6
	C)	Verify Cayley – Hamilton theorem for the matrix A and hence find A^{-1} & A^4	8
		where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	
Q.5	A)	Solve by Crank-Nicholson simplified formula $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 16 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$, $0 \le x \le 1$	6
		subject to the condition $u(0,t) = 0, u(1,t) = 100t$, $u(x,0) = 0$, $h = \frac{1}{4}$	
		for one –time step.	
	B)	Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\log \left(\frac{s+a}{s+b} \right)$	6
3		$\lceil 2 2 1 \rceil$	
5	C)	Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable.	8
	A PO	[1 2 7] Find transforming matrix and diagonal Matrix	
	1	Find transforming matrix and diagonal Matrix.	

Evaluate $\int_0^\infty e^{-3t} t \sin t dt$ using Laplace transform.

B)

Find the solution $u_t = u_{xx}$ subject to u(0,t) = 0, u(5,t) = 0, $u(x,0) = x^2 (25 - x^2)$ using Schmidt method taking h = 1 up to 3 seconds. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{(s^2+1)^2}$ using convolution theorem.

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