- Name the following—The property of the drug whereby it inhibits the microbial pathogen without damaging the host.
- Give one example of synthetic drug. ii)
- State true or false During antibiotic treatment patient's normal flora are also getting iii) exposed to the effects of the antibiotic.
- Name a genetic element other than the plasmids on which antibiotic resistant genes are iv) located.
- Fill in the blanks- are Gram negative bacteria devoid of cell wall. V)
- State an example of antiviral drug used in treatment of Herpes infection. vi)

- b. Elaborate on the following: (any two)
- if Inhibitors of nucleic acid synthesis with two examples.
- ii) Mode of action of Polymyxin B and Vancomycin.
- iii) Desirable properties of a new antimicrobial agent.
- iv) Antimetabolites acting as antibiotics with two examples.
- Q.4 a. Do as instructed: (any three)

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- i) \_\_\_\_ is defined as the positive square root of the mean of the squares of the deviations of observations from their mean.
- ii) Calculate Arithmetic mean of all even numbers in a series of 0 to 10.
- iii) Give the regression line when X is a dependent variable and Y is an independent variable.
- iv) Define Median.
- State true or false-Pie chart is a kind of circle graph which shows data as a whole as well as in parts.
- vi) What is t-test?
- b. Attempt the following: (any two)

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- i) Define Biostatistics. Discuss it's applications in biological sciences.
- ii) Explain the various steps in testing statistical hypothesis.
- The amount of a certain trace element in blood is known to vary with a standard deviation of 15 ppm (parts per million) for male blood donors and 9.5 ppm for female donors. Random samples of 75 male and 50 female donors yield concentration means of 25 and 30 ppm, respectively. What is the likelihood that the population means of concentrations of the element are the same for the men and women? (Zα,0.05=1.96).
- A researcher wants to study the relationship between disease and exposure to carcinogens. He organizes the data of 120 individuals in a contingency table. He finds that 68% of diseased individuals were exposed and 20% of non-diseased were exposed. Do these data suggest an association between disease and exposure? (X<sup>2</sup> 0.05,1=3.84).

Exposure	Disease		
	Yes	No	Total
Yes	37	13	50
No:	317	53	70
Total .	54	66	120

- Q.5 Write short notes on the following: (any three)
  - i. Mode of action of Bacitracin.
  - ii. Various methods by which organisms acquire resistance.
  - in. Types of correlation.
  - iv. Role of Arrestins.
  - Features of Synaptic signalling.
  - vi. Check points of cell cycle.

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