## Paper / Subject Code: 31701 / Computer Programming & Numerical Methods

15-Nov-2019 1T00525 - T.E.(Chemical Engineering)(SEM-V)(Choice Base) / 31701 - Computer Programming & Numerical Methods 76605

(3 Hours) [Total Marks: 80]

N.B.

- 1. Question No. 1 is Compulsory.
- 2 Attempt any **Three** Questions from remaining **Five** Questions
- 3. Assume Suitable Data if needed and Justify the Same
- 4. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Q.1** 

- a) What are different conditional Loop in Python? Explain any one with example [05]
- b) Use secant method to find the root of equation  $f=4(x-1)^3$  with  $0.4 \le x \le 1$ . [05]
- c) Write short note on Successive Substitution Method [05]
- d) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}xy$ , y(0)=1, y(0.1)=1.01, y(0.2)=1.022, y(0.3)=1.023 and y(0.4)=0.1 [05] find the value of y(0.4)=0.1 and y(0.4)=0.1 [05]

**Q.2** 

- a) The spherical storage tank containing oil has a diameter of 6 ft. Calculate the height h to which a dipstick 8 ft long would be wet with oil when immersed in the tank when it contains 4 ft³ of oil. The equation that gives the height, h, of the liquid in the spherical tank for the given volume and radius is given by V = (3πh²(3r-h))/9, Use the Bisection Method to find the height (h), to which the dipstick is wet with oil.
- b) Write a short note on one dimensional steady state diffusion with example. [10]

[10]

**Q.3** 

a) Solve the following system by LU decomposition

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ -20 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Solve the following systems of equations by Gauss Jorden Method  $5x_1+2x_2+x_3=12$ ,  $x_1+4x_2+2x_3=15$ ,  $x_1+2x_2+5x_3=20$ 

Q.4

if 
$$dy = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + x^2}}$$
, y(0)=1,h=0.2 find y(0.4)=?

By using runge kutta order 4 method

**b)** Calculate the volume of superheated steam at 100atm and 350 °C using the equation

[10]

 $\left(P + \frac{a}{v^2}\right)(v - b) = RT$ , Newton Raphson Method, for initial value of v use ideal gas equation.

where,  $a = \frac{27R^2T_c^2}{64P_c}$ ,  $b = \frac{RT_c}{8P_c}$ ,  $T_c = 647.11K$ ,  $P_c = 220.76$  atm.

**Q.5** 

- a) Define diffrence equation and Solve the following Diffrence Equation [10]  $y_{n+2}$   $3y_{n+1}+2y_n=3^n+7^n$
- Solve the following set of equations using Newton method  $x_1^2 + x_2^2 17 = 0$   $2x_1^{1/3} + x_2^{1/2} 4 = 0$ Start at a value of  $x = [2.5 \ 0.2]^T$  and show two iterations.

**Q.6** 

a) A volume and level in gravity flow tank system is given by following equations, [20]  $\frac{dV}{dt} = 0.0107h - 0.00205V^2 \qquad \frac{dh}{dt} = 0.311 - 0.062V$ Where,

V in cu. ft and h in ft and time in sec.

The parameters and variables are given as given below.

V= tank volume, (at t=0, 3.4 cu.ft.)

h= lavel in tank, (at t=0, 20.5 ft.)

Find the level and volume after 60 Sec using Runge kutta fourth order method. Use 20 sec as step size.