(2 ½ Hours)

[Total Marks: 75]

N.B. : 1	: 1) All questions are compulsory.	
	2) Figures to the right indicate marks .	
	3) Illustrations, in-depth answers and diagrams will be appreciated.	
	4) Mixing of sub-questions is not allowed .	
	1) Mining of sub-questions is not uno wear.	
0.1	4 A 4 4 A 11 (F) 1 C 7 B 4 1 1	
Q. 1	^O ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^	(15)
a()		
	of	
	a. White box testing	
	b. Acceptance testing	
	c. Integrated testing	3,5,5,6
	d. Black box testing	· V · V · V · V · V · V · V · V · V · V
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	2. Which is the most desirable form of coupling?	
	a. Control coupling	
	b. Data coupling	125 C 2 2 2 C C
	c. Common coupling	
	d. Stamp coupling	
	3. Kind of diagrams which are used to show interactions b messages are classified as	etween series of
	a. activity diagrams	\$ 25 E5
	b. state chart diagrams	S. S
	c. collaboration diagrams	
	d. object lifeline diagrams	
	4. Six Sigma methodology defines three core steps	
	a. analyse, improve, control	
	b. analyse, design, verify	
5	c. define, measure, analyse	
	d. define, measure, control	
	5 Diagrams which are used to distribute files, libraries a topology of hardware are called	nd tables across
	a. deployment diagrams	
	b. use case diagrams	
27.66.5	c. sequence diagrams	
	V 40 12 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	
	d. collaboration diagrams	
(b)	b) 1. HLD stands for	
	2. SDP short for	
10,00°	3. KLOC stands for	
3333	4. RMMM stands for	
19 30 B	5 CMP stands for	

67437

		- X 29 24
(c)	1.Define time line charts in Software Engineering?	
	2.Define Quality assurance?	
	3.Define validation?	
	4.Define Software Engineering?	
	5. Define module cohesion?	
	5. Bernie module conesion.	335
2. 2	Attempt the following (Any THREE)	(15)
(a)	What is SRS? Write characteristics of SRS.	
(b)	State advantages and disadvantages of waterfall model.	2000
(c)	Differentiate between sequence diagram and collaboration diagram.	
(d)	What are the attributes of good software?	
(e)	Explain Agility and write its advantages and disadvantages.	
(f)	Define Use case diagram? Draw and explain symbols for the same.	19 W
(1)	Define ose case diagram. Draw and explain symbols for the same.	3, 79,
Q. 3	Attempt the following (Any THREE)	(15)
(a)	Define coupling what are the various levels of coupling.	
(b)	Calculate Cyclomatic complexity for Quadratic equation. Find various paths and	
` /	design test cases.	
(c)	Explain Software user interface design.	
(d)	Define Object-Oriented Programming and features of OOPs.	
(e)	Write the scope of software metrics.	
(f)	Explain Halstead's metrics with an example.	
Q. 4	Attempt the following (Any THREE)	(15)
(a)	Explain Capability Maturity Model.	(13)
(b)	What is Risk management? Explain Software risk management process.	
(c)	Explain the purpose of six sigma.	
(d)	Explain any five software quality attributes.	
	What is Structural testing? Write its advantages and disadvantages.	
(f)	Explain McCall's Quality factors.	
	Explain McCan's Quality factors.	
<b>).</b> 5	Attempt the following (Any THREE)	(15)
(a)	Draw a Sequence diagram for online ordering of food delivery System.	()
(b)	0.7° (2.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (3.7° (	
(c)	State the difference between Black box testing and white-box testing?	
(d)		
(f)	Explain requirement validation.	
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67437 Page 2 of 2