

MECH and PROD

O.P. Code: 4755

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80

N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.
- 1 (a) Find the Laplace transform of te-t cosh2t

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(b) Find the fixed points of $w = \frac{3z-4}{z-1}$. Also express it in the normal form

 $\frac{1}{w-\alpha} = \frac{1}{z-\alpha} + \lambda \text{ where } \lambda \text{ is a constant and } \alpha \text{ is the fixed point. Is this transformation parabolic?}$

(c) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1+i} (x^2-iy)dz$ along the path i) y=x, ii) $y=x^3$

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(d) Prove that $f_1(x)=1$, $f_2(x)=x$, $f_3(x)=\frac{3x^2-1}{2}$ are orthogonal over (-1,1)

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2. (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{2s}{s^4 + 4}$

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(b) Find the image of the triangular region whose vertices are i, 1+i, 1-i under the transformation w = z + 4-2i. Draw the sketch.

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(c) Obtain fourier expansion of $f(x) = |\cos x|$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$.

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3. (a) Obtain complex form of fourier series for $f(x) = \cosh 2x + \sinh 2x$ in (-2,2).

(b) Using Carnk-Nicholson simplified formula solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ given

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 $u(0,t) = 0, u(4, t) = 0, u(x, 0) = \frac{x}{3} (16-x^2)$ find uij for i=0,1,2,3,4 and j=0, 1,2

(c) Solve the equation $y + \int_0^t y dt = 1 - e^{-t}$

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4. (a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{5 + 3\sin\theta}$

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(b) Find half - range cosine series for $f(x)=e^x$, 0 < x < 1

- 6
- (c) Obtain two distinct Laurent's series for $f(z) = \frac{2z-3}{z^2-4z-3}$ in powers of 8 (z-4) indicating the regions of convergence.
- 5. (a) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ by Bender Schmidt method, given u(0, t) = 0, u(4, t) = 0, u(x, 0) = x(4-x). Assume h=1 and find the values of u upto t = 5
 - (b) Find the Laplace transform of e^{-4t} $\int_0^t u \sin 3u du$
 - (c) Evaluate $\int_{C} \frac{z+3}{z^2+2z+5}$ dz where C is the circle i) |z|=1, ii) |z+1-i|=2
- 6. (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{(s^2-a^2)^2}$ by using convolution theorem.
 - (b) Find an analytic function f(z) = u+iv where $u+v=e^x$ (cosy + siny)
 - (c) Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial^2 x^2}$ for the conduction of heat along a rod of 8 length l subject to following conditions

 (i) u is not infinity for $t \to \infty$
 - (ii) $\frac{\partial n_1}{\partial x} = 0$ for x=0 and x=l for any time t
 - (iii) $u=lx-x^2$ for t=0 between x=0 and x=l