(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80

[20]

N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory

- (2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data wherever required but justify the same.
- 1. Write short note on any 4 of the following
 - a) Mobility of Mechanisms
 - b) Law of belting and slip in belt
 - c) Types of follower
 - d) Mechanisms used in 3D printer
 - e) Compliant mechanisms
- 2. (a) A cord is wrapped on a 2 m diameter disc, which weighs 250 N. if the cord is pulled upwards with a force of 400 N, determine the acceleration of the centre of the disc, the angular acceleration of the disc, and the acceleration of the cord.
 [6]

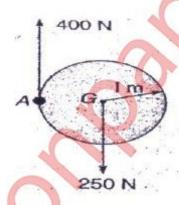


Figure 1

(b) Fig. 2 shows the mechanism of a sewing machine needle box. For yhe given configuration, find the velocity of the needle fixed to the slider D when the crank OA rotates at 40 rad/s.

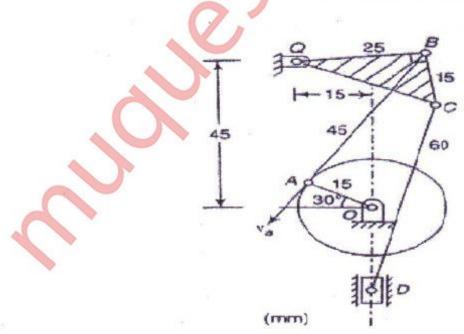


Figure. 2

(c) Explain four bar chain and its anyone inversion.

[6]

Turn Over

- (a). In the mechanism shown in figure 3, the crank OA rotates at 210 rpm counter-clockwise [14]
 for the given configuration, determine
 - (i) velocity of slider D and the angular velocity of link CD
 - (ii) acceleration of slider D and the angular acceleration of link CD

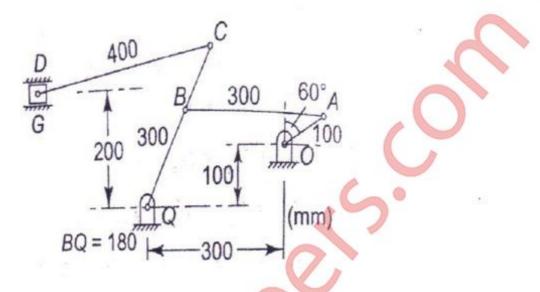


Figure 3

(b) How can you ensure that a Paucellier mechanism traces an exact straight line.

er for [12]

[6]

4 (a) Design a slider-crank mechanism to coordinate three positions of the input and of the slider for the following data by inversion method:

$$\Theta_{12} = 30^{\circ}$$

$$S_{12} = 40 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Theta_{13} = 60^{\circ}$$

$$S_{13} = 96 \text{ mm}$$

Eccentricity = 20 mm

- (b) Two 20° involute spur gears mesh externally and give a velocity ratio of 3. The module is 3 mm and the addendum is equal to 1.1 module. If the pinion rotates at 120 rpm., determine the
 - (i) minimum number of teeth on each wheel to avoid interference
 - (ii) contact ratio
- 5 (a) In an open-belt drive, the diameters of the larger and the smaller pulleys are 1.2 m and 0.8 [10] respectively. The smaller pulley rotates at 320 rpm. The centre distance between the shafts is 4 m. when stationary, the initial tension in the belt is 2.8 kN. The mass of the belt is 1.8 kg/m and the coefficient of friction between the belt and the pulley is 0.25, determine the power transmitted.
 - (b) Explain the term: function generation, path generation and motion generation.

[6]

(c) Make a comparison of cycloidal and involute tooth forms

[4]

- 6 (a) Draw the profile of a cam operating a knife edge follower having a lift of 30mm. The cam raises [14] the follower with SHM for 150° of the rotation followed by a period of dwell for 60°. The follower descends for the next 100° rotation of the cam with uniform velocity, again followed by a dwell period. The cam rotates at uniform velocity of 150 rpm and has a least radius of 30mm. What will be the maximum velocity and acceleration of the follower during lift and return?
 - (b) What do you mean by dimensional synthesis of a pre-conceived type mechanism

[6]