Dec 2019

T. t. welm

QP Code:12601

(3 Hours)

Total Marks: 80

N.	<ul> <li>(a) Compulsory.</li> <li>(b) Solve any three questions out of the remaining questions.</li> <li>(c) Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>(a) Define Chinese Remainder Theorem and its application</li> <li>(b) Explain Term Entropy in Information Theory and its significance</li> <li>(c) Describe Fermat's Little Theorem. And its Application</li> <li>(d) Explain Cyclic Codes</li> </ul>	5 5 5
2.	<ul> <li>(a) Explain Adaptive Huffman encoding technique. Encode the data Pattern "accabbcdaad" using Above technique.</li> <li>(b) Compare Symmetric and Asymmetric Cryptography</li> <li>(c) Explain various Security Goals</li> </ul>	<b>5</b>
3.	<ul> <li>(a) Explain convolution code in Brief.</li> <li>(b) Consider the source probabilities {0.20, 0.20, 0.15, 0.15, 0.10, 0.10, 0.05, 0.05,}</li> <li>(i) Determine the efficient fixed length code for the source.</li> <li>(ii) Determine Huffman code for this source.</li> <li>(iii) Compare the two codes and comment.</li> </ul>	1(
4.	<ul> <li>(a) Explain DES and give an outline of the algorithm.</li> <li>(b) Which of the following g (x) values guarantees that a single-bit error is caught? In each case, what is the error that cannot be caught?</li> <li>(i) x+1</li> <li>(ii) x<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>	10
5.	<ul> <li>(a) Describe with example Modular Arithmetic, Expontiation and Congruences.</li> <li>(b) Define - (i) Haraming Weight</li> <li>(ii) Hamming Distance</li> <li>(iii) Syndrome</li> <li>(iv) Linear Code Properties</li> <li>(v) Code Rate</li> </ul>	
6.	Write Short notes on:  (i) RSA  (ii) RCE  (iii) Speech Compression  (iv) Random Number Generation	20