Paper / Subject Code: 40801 / Applied Mathematics-IV

7-May-19 1T01024 - S.E.(ELECTRONICS & TELE-COMMN)(Sem IV) (Choice Based) / 40801 - APPLIED MATHEMATICS - IV 37525

Q. P. Code: 37525

(3 hours)

Total marks: 80

N.B.: (1) Question **No. 1** is **compulsory**

- (2) Attempt any Three from remaining
- Q1 a) If X_1 has mean 4 and variance 9 & X_2 has mean -2 and variance 4 [5] where X_1 & X_2 are independent, find $E(2X_1 + X_2 3)$ and $V(2X_1 + X_2 3)$.
 - b) Find the extremals of $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} (x + y')y' dx$ [5]
 - c) Verify Cauchy Schwartz inequality for the vectors u = (-4, 2, 1) and [5] v = (8, -4, -2)
 - d) Check whether $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ is derogatory or not. [5]
- Q2 a) Using Cauchy's Residue theorem evaluate $\int_C \frac{z-1}{(z+1)^2(z-2)}$ where C is |z|=4
 - b) Show that the extremal of the isoperimetric problem [6] $I[y(x)] = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} (y')^2 dx \text{ subject to the condition } \int_{x_1}^{x_2} y dx = k \text{ is a parabola.}$
 - Is the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ diagonalisable? If so find the diagonal matrix and the transforming matrix.
- Q3 a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ [6]

hence find A^{-1}

- b) Check whether the following are subspaces of \mathbb{R}^3 [6]
 - (i) $W = \{(a, 0, 0) \mid a \in \mathbb{R} \}$
 - (ii) $W = \{(x, y, z) \mid x = 1, z = 1, y \in \mathbb{R}\}\$
- c) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ in Taylors & Laurent's series indicating [8] regions of convergence.

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Q4 a) Using Rayleigh-Ritz method to solve the boundary value problem [6]

$$I = \int_0^1 (2xy + y^2 - (y')^2) \ dx \ ; \ 0 \le x \le 1 \text{ given } y(0) = y(1) = 0$$

- b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ then prove that $3 \tan A = A \tan 3$. [6]
- c) If sizes of 10,000 items are normally distributed with mean 20 cms & [8] standard deviation of 4 cms. Find the probability that an item selected at random will have size:
 - (i) between 18 cms and 23 cms, (ii) above 26 cms
- Q5 a) Find orthonormal basis of \mathbb{R}^3 using Gram-Schmidt process where [6] $S = \{(1,0,0), (3,7,-2), (0,4,1)\}$
 - b) In a factory, machines A, B & C produce 30%, 50% & 20% of the total production of an item. Out of their production 80%, 50% & 10% are defective respectively. An item is chosen at random and found to be defective. What is the probability that it was produced by machine A.
 - c) Evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2+4)(x^2+9)}$ [8]
- Q6 a) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{dz}{z^3(z+4)}$ where C is the circle (i) |z| = 2 and (ii) |z-3| = 2
 - b) Two unbiased dice are thrown three times, using Binomial distribution [6] find the probability that the sum nine would be obtained (i) once, (ii) twice
 - c) For the following data [8]

X	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190
Y	45	51	54	61	66	70	74	78	85	89

Find the coefficients of regression b_{xy} & b_{yx} and the coefficient of correlation (r)
