

Duration – 3 Hours

Total Marks : 80

- (1) N.B.: - Question no 1 is compulsory.  
 (2) Attempt any THREE questions out of remaining FIVE questions.

Q.1) a) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{a^2 - 2xy - y^2}{(x+y)^2}$  (4)

b) Solve  $(D^3 - 3D^2 + 4)y = 0$  (3)

c) Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty e^{-\left(x^2/4\right)} dx$  (3)

d) Express the following integral in polar co-ordinate (4)

$$\int_0^{2a} \int_0^{\sqrt{2ax-x^2}} f(x,y) dx dy$$

e) Prove that  $E = 1 + \Delta = e^{kD}$  (3)

f) Evaluate  $I = \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \cos(x+y) dy dx$  (3)

Q.2 a) Solve  $\frac{dz}{dx} + \frac{z}{x} \log z = \frac{z}{x^2} (\log z)^3$  (6)

b) Change the order of integration and evaluate  $I = \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} \frac{x}{y} dy dx$  (6)

c) Show that  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\tan^{-1} ax - \tan^{-1} bx}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)$  (8)

Q.3 a) Evaluate  $I = \int_0^2 \int_0^y \int_{x-y}^{x+y} (x+y+z) dx dy dz$  (6)

b) Find the mass of a plate in the form of a cardioid  $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$  if the density at any point of the plate varies as its distance from the plate. (6)

c) Solve  $(2x+1)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2(2x+1) \frac{dy}{dx} - 12y = x^2$  (8)

Q. 4 a) Show that the length of the curve  $x = a e^\theta \sin \theta$   $y = a e^\theta \cos \theta$  from (6)

$$\theta = 0 \text{ to } \theta = \pi/2$$

b) Solve  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - y = \cos x \cosh x + a^x$  (6)

c) Using fourth order Runge-Kutta method, solve numerically, the (8)

differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$  with the given condition  $x = 1$ ,  
 $y = 1.5$  in the interval  $(1, 1.2)$  with  $h = 0.1$

Q. 5 a) Use method of variation of parameters to solve (6)

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + y = 3x - 8 \cot x.$$

b) Using Taylor's series method, obtain the solution of (6)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y - xy, \quad y(0) = 2. \quad \text{Find the value of } y \text{ for } x = 0.1 \text{ correct to four decimal places}$$

c) Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  by using (i) Trapezoidal Rule, (ii) Simpson's  $(1/3)^{\text{rd}}$  Rule and (iii) Simpson's  $(3/8)^{\text{th}}$  Rule. Compare the result with exact solution. (8)

Q. 6 a) In a circuit of resistance  $R$ , self inductance  $L$ , the current  $i$  is given (6)

$$\text{by by } L \frac{di}{dt} + R i = E \cos pt \text{ where } E \text{ and } p \text{ are constants. Find the current } i \text{ at time 't'}$$

b) Find the area bounded by the parabola  $y = 4x - x^2$  and the line  $y = x$  (6)

c) Find the volume of the paraboloid  $x^2 + y^2 = 4z$  cut off by the plane  $z = 4$ . (8)

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