Q.P. Code: 530101

	(2 Hours)	Total Marks : 60
	TWO TO SHOW A STATE OF THE STAT	
N.B.: (1)	Question No. 1 is Compulsory.	
(2)	Attempt any three questions from remaining five questions.	an or
0.00	All questions carry equal marks.  Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
(4)	Atomic weights: $H = 1$ , $C = 12$ , $N = 14$ , $O = 16$ , $S = 1$	32, Cl = 35.5,
(5)	Ba = 137.3	J- 58
		3.
1. Answer	any five of the following:-	55 15
(a)	What are plain carbon steels? Mention any four drawbacks	of plain carbon
1.7	steels.	90°
(b)	Define Octane number and Cetane number.	Howing metals
(c)	Define 'Corrosion'? Explain how rate of corrosion of the fo	nowing means
	is influenced by atmospheric oxygen.  (i) Molybdenum (ii) Tin	
610	(i) Molybdenum (ii) Im Give classification of composite materials.	
(d)	Marting any three constituents of Paint and give their Jun	ctions.
(e)	What is supercritical CO <sub>2</sub> ? Why is it considered a green	solvent? Give
(f)	one application of supercritical Co.	
(g)	A sample of coal has the following composition by mass	
(0)	C = 70% $H = 9%$ $O = 4%$	
	S = 2% and $Ash = 14%$	Cormula
	Calculate gross calorific value of the fuel using Dulong's	Tormula.
	Secretary of corresion?	6
2. (a) H	low do the following factors affect the rate of corrosion?	
	(i) Purity of metal (ii) Nature of corrosion products	
	(ii) Nature of corrosion products (iii) Overvoltage	
(b) V	What are propellants ? Give their classification with an example	ple of each type. 5
	for the four characteristics of a good propellant.	
(c) C	alculate percentage atom economy for the following react	ion with respect 4
to	o benzanilide	
	$C_6H_5NH_2 + C_6H_5COC1 \rightarrow C_6H_5NHCOC_6H_5$	$H_5 + HCI$
4	aniline benzoyl chloride benzanilide	
		6
3. (a) A	A gaseous fuel has the following composition by volume.	V
J. 111	$CO = 40\%$ $H = 42\%$ $C_2H_8 = 4\%$	
N. T.	$CU = 40\%$ $N = 4\%$ and $O_2 = 6\%$	mbuggion of 1m3
E (	Calculate volume and weight of air required for complete co	moustion of the
,951	of fuel (Molecular wt. of air = 28.949)	TELIDN OVED
" De		TURN OVER

		(b)	Explain conventional & green synthesis of Indigo dye. Mention the green chemistry principle involved.	5
		(c)	Explain Intergranular corrosion with a suitable diagram and example.	4
	4.	(a)	List composition, properties and uses of the following alloys:  (i) Duralumin (ii) Gun metal	26
		(b)	What are metallic coatings? Explain the following methods of coating.  (i) Metal cladding	5
		(c)	(ii) Cementation coating (Sherardizing)	4
-	5.	(a)	With neat diagram, explain any one method of catalytic cracking. Mention any four advantages of catalytic cracking over thermal cracking.	6
		(b)	What is 'compaction' in powder metallurgy? Explain Powder Injection moulding method of compaction with a suitable diagram.	5
		(c)	Define matrix phase of composite material. State functions of matrix phase.	4
-	6.	(a)	What is Electrochemical corrosion? With suitable diagram and electrode reactions explain electrochemical mechanism of rusting of iron in neutral, aqueous medium.	5
		(b)	1.5 g of a coal sample was analysed for hitrogen content by Kjeldahl's method. The liberated ammonia required 14ml of 0.1N H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> solution for neutralization. In a separate experiment using Bomb Calorimeter, 1.5g of the same sample gave 0.3 g of BaSO <sub>4</sub> . Calculate percentage nitrogen and sulphur	5
		(0)	in the sample.	
		(c)	<ul> <li>(i) Explain any two purposes of alloying with suitable examples.</li> <li>(ii) Explain manufacture of high purity alumina ceramic powder.</li> </ul>	3
			The state of the s	
			OK THE THE REST OF THE PARTY OF	
	C	1		
		× 4	291	
		201		
b	No.	0,		
NAD PR				
The				
-				