Q.P. Code: 26304

[3 Hours]

[Marks: 80]

N.B:

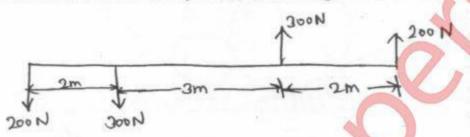
- 1. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 2. Attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.
- 3. Assume suitable data if necessary stating them clearly.
- 4. Take $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$.
- 5. Draw suitable sketches wherever necessary.



1. Attempt any four:

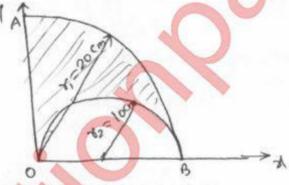
- (a) State and prove varignones theorem.
- (b) Find the resultant of the force system shown in fig.

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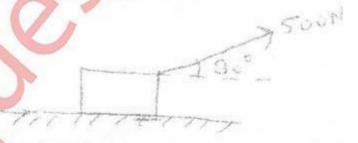
(c) Find the co-ordinate of the centroid of the area shown in fig.

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All dimensions are in cm

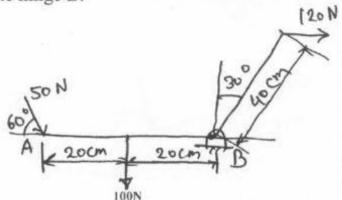
(d) A force of 500N is acting on a black of 50Kg mass resting on a horizontal surface as shown in fig. Determine the velocity after the block has travelled a distance of 10m. Coeff. of kinetic friction = 0.5



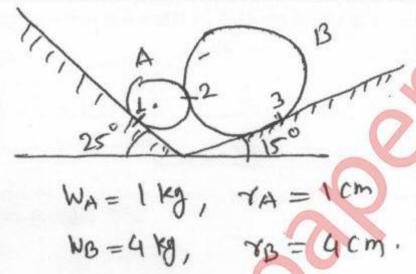
(e) The position vector of a particle which moves in the X-Y plane is given by $r = (3t^3 - 4t^2)i + (0.5t^4) J m$. Calculate velocity and acceleration at t = 1 sec.

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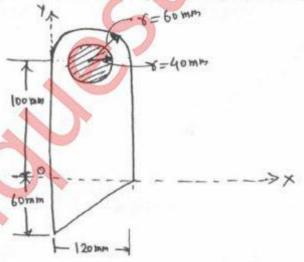
(a) Find the resultant of the force acting on the bell crank level shown. Also locate its position write hinge B.



(b) Determine the reaction at points of constant 1, 2 and 3. Assume smooth surfaces.



- (c) Two balls having 20Kg and 30Kg masses are moving towards each other with velocities of 10m/s and 5m/s respectively as shown in fig. If other impact the ball having 30Kg mass is moving with 6m/s velocity to the right then determine the coefficient of restitution between the two balls,
- (a) Determine the centroid of the plant lamina shaded portion is removed.



(b) Explain conditions for equilibrium for forces in spaces.

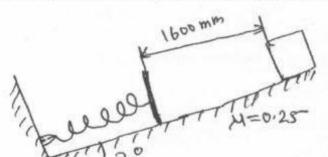
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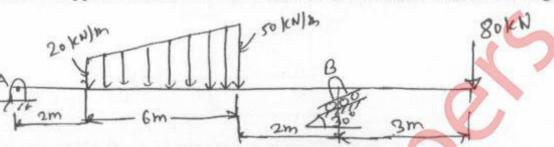
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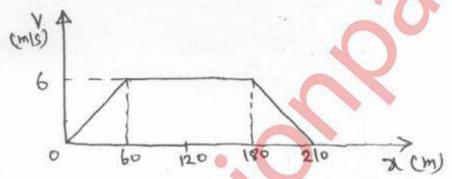
(c) A 30N block is released from rest. If slides down a rough incline having coefficient of friction 0.25. Determine the maximum compression of the spring.



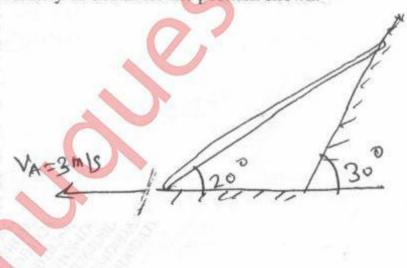
4. (a) Find the support reaction at A and B for the beam loaded as shown in fig.



(b) The V-X graph of a rectilinear moving particle is shown. Find acceleration of the particle at 20m, 80m and 200m.



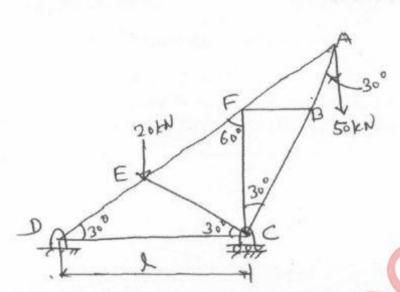
(c) A bar AB 2m long slides down the plane as shown. The end A slides on the horizontal floor with a velocity of 3m/s. Determine the angular velocity of the rod AB and the velocity of end B for the position shown.



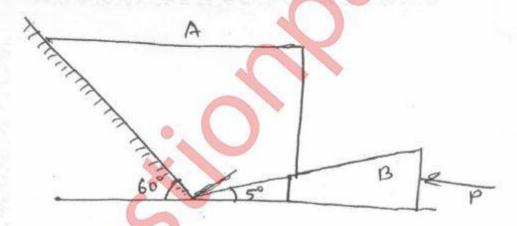
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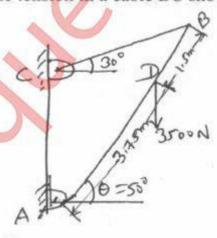
- 5. (a) Referring to the trus shown in fig. Find
 - i. Reaction at D and C
 - ii. Zero Force members
 - iii. Forces in members FE & DC by method of section.
 - iv. Forces in other members by method of joints.



(b) Determine the force 10 required to move the block A of 5000N weight up the inclined plane, coefficient of friction between all contact surfaces is 0 25. Neglect the weight of the wedge and the wedge angle is 15 degrees.



(c) Determine the tension in a cable BC shown in fig by virtual work method.



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6. (a) A 500N Crate kept on the top of a 15° sloping surface is pushed down the plane with an intitial velocity of 20 m/s. If μs = 0·5 and μκ = 0·4, Determine the distance travelled by the block and the time it will take as it comes to rest.

(b) Derive the equation of the path of a prosotile and hence show that the path traced by a prosectile is a parabolic curve.

(c) A particle is moving in X-Y plane and its position is defined by $\vec{r} = \left(\frac{3}{2}t^2\right)i + \left(\frac{2}{3}t^3\right)J$.

Find ratio of curvature when t = 2 sec.

(d) A force of 100N acts at a point P(-2, 3, 5) m has its line of action passing through Q 05 (10, 3, 4) m. Calculate moment of this force about origin (0,0,0).

