Q.P. Code:16180

B.E. / SEM VIII / IT / CBGS / MAY 2017

(3 Hours)

Max. Marks: 80

- N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - (2) Attempt any Three questions out of remaining Five questions.
 - (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (4) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Q.1 Answer the following:

[20]

- a. Explain Different Distance measures for Big Data.
- b. Explain the Hadoop Architecture with its features.
- c. Explain CAP Theorem? how it is different from ACID Properties.
- d. What are the shortcomings of nearest neighbor technique in collaborative filtering method? Suggest some improvements.
- Qu-2 a. Write a Map-Reduce Algorithm for Binary search tree. Explain the flow of execution. [10
- Qu-2 b. Suppose a stream consists of the integers 2,1,6,1,5,9,2,3,5. Let the hash functions all be of the form h(x)=ax+b mod 16 for some a & b. You should treat the result as a 4 bit binary integer. Determine the tail length for each stream element and the resulting estimate of the number of distinct elements if the hash function is:
 - a) $h(x) = 2x + 3 \mod 16$
 - b) $h(x) = 4x+1 \mod 16$
 - c) 5x mod 16
- Qu-3 a. Explain Different types of recommendation system with real time examples. [10]
 Qu-3 b. Consider the portion of a Web graph as shown in Figure-1 [10]
 - Compute the hub and authorities scores for all nodes
 - ii) Does this graph contain spider traps? Dead ends? If so, which nodes

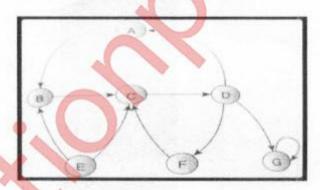


Figure-1 Web graph

Qu-4 a. Write a short note on

[10]

- i) PCY Algorithm
- ii) CURE algorithm
- Qu-4 b. Imagine there are 100 baskets, numbered 1, 2,...,100 items, similarly numbered. Item 1 is in basket J if and only if I divides J evenly. For example basket is 24 is the set of items
 - { 1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24}. Describe all the association rules that have 100% confidence.
- Qu-5 a. Define Bloom Filter. Explain the concept of Bloom filter Algorithm with example.
- Qu-5 b. Explain HITS algorithm with example.

[10] [10]

[10]

Qu-6 Answer any two of the following

[20]

- a. NoSQL architectural pattern with example.
- b. Matrix Multiplication by Map Reduce
- c. List & explain Big data :- 1) Characteristics 2) Types 3) Challenges

----X----

3321695B20842B155E053B1185B0C28D