Subi- Artificial Intelligence. ETRX

21/12/201

QP Code: 728801

(	3	Hours)

[ Total Marks: 80

N.B.: (1) Question no. 1 is compulse	. 1 is compulsor	1	no.	Question	1)	(	:	N.B.
--------------------------------------	------------------	---	-----	----------	----	---	---	------

- Solve any three from the remaining five questions
- (3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks.

## 1. Attempt any four from the following questions

20

- (a) Draw a simple artificial neuron and discuss the calculation of the output. State any two characteristics of an artificial neural network.
- (b) Indicate the differences between excitatory and inhibitory weighted interconnections.
- (c) Compare and contrast BAM and Hopfield networks.
- (d) Explain fuzzification and defuzzification process.
- (e) Explain the difference between supervised and unsupervised learning.
- Draw the model of Adaline network. Explain the training algorithm used 2. (a) 10 here.
  - What are linearly separable and nonseparable pattern classes? Discuss 10 how perceptrons can be used to classify each of them.
- What are the two types of discrete Hopfield nets? Draw the architecture 10 of discrete Hopfield net. State the testing algorithm used in discrete Hopfield Network.
  - (b) Draw a simple neural network with a single neuron, four input points and one output point. Apply Hebbian rule to this network with binary activation function and obtain the updated weight vector. The initial weight vector is  $W^1 = [1 - 100.5]^t$  and the training set consists of three inputs,  $X_1 = [1 -2 1.5 0]^t$ ;  $X_2 = [1 -0.5 -2 -1.5]^t$ ;  $X_3 = [0 1 -1 1.5]^t$ Assume learning constant as 1.
- 4. (a) What are LVQs? Explain LVQ1 algorithm in detail.

10

- With a neat architecture, explain the training algorithm of Kohonen self-(b) 10 organizing feature maps.
- Three fuzzy sets are defined as:

10

$$\stackrel{\mathbf{A}}{\sim} = \left\{ \frac{0.1}{30} + \frac{0.2}{60} + \frac{0.3}{90} + \frac{0.4}{120} \right\}$$

[TURN OVER]

QP Code: 728801

2

$$\mathbf{B} = \left\{ \frac{1}{1} + \frac{0.2}{2} + \frac{0.5}{3} + \frac{0.7}{4} + \frac{0.3}{5} + \frac{0}{6} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \left\{ \frac{0.33}{100} + \frac{0.65}{200} + \frac{0.92}{300} + \frac{0.21}{400} \right\}$$

Find the following:

- (a) R = A X B
- (b)  $\widetilde{S} = \widetilde{B} \times \widetilde{C}$
- (c)  $\widetilde{T} = \widetilde{Ro} \ \widetilde{S} \ using max-min composition$
- (d) T = Ro S using max-product composition
- (b) Explain any four defuzzification methods with suitable diagrams.

10

20

- 6. Write short notes on any four:
  - (a) Types of activation functions
  - (b) Properties of neural networks
  - (c) Boltzmann Machine
  - (d) Rate of learning
  - (e) ANFIS